

ABORIGINAL AND TORRES STRAIT ISLANDER HISTORIES AND CULTURES

LIVING CULTURES – FIBRES

YEAR 8





IDENTITY AND CONNECTION

Learners discuss identity and how it is formed, before exploring cultural identity and where it comes from. They will bring an item from home and give a two minute presentation to the class. Finally, learners will examine a poem that explores the interconnectedness of Country/place, people, identity and culture in a text by a Tasmanian Aboriginal author.

CROSS CURRICULUM PRIORITY

Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Histories and Cultures

Organising idea 3

Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Peoples have holistic belief systems and are spiritually and intellectually connected to the land, sea, sky and waterways.

Organising idea 5

Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Peoples' way of life are uniquely expressed through ways of being, knowing, thinking and doing.

ACHIEVEMENT STANDARDS

English

Students interpret texts and select evidence from the text to show how events, situations and people, can be represented from different viewpoints. Students make presentations and contribute actively to class and group discussions.

Health and Physical Education

Students evaluate strategies and resources to manage changes and transitions and investigate their impact on identities. They evaluate the impact on wellbeing of relationships and valuing diversity.

CONTENT DESCRIPTORS

English

Explore the interconnectedness of Country/Place, People, Identity and Culture in texts including those by Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander authors (ACELT1806).

Health and Physical Education

Investigate the impact of transition and change on identities (ACPPS070).

GENERAL CAPABILITIES

Intercultural understanding

Recognising culture and developing respect

Explore and compare cultural knowledge beliefs and practices

Level 5 – analyse the dynamic nature of cultural knowledge, beliefs and practices in a range of personal, social and historical contexts

Literacy

Comprehending texts through listening, reading and viewing

Navigate, read and view learning area texts

Level 5 – navigate, read and view a variety of challenging subject-specific texts with a wide range of graphic representations

Composing texts through speaking, writing and creating Deliver presentations

Level 5 – plan, research, rehearse and deliver presentations on learning area topics, sequencing selected content and multimodal elements for accuracy and their impact on the audience

Learning Goals

Learners will:

- » Know how to interpret texts to discover the author's point of view and themes.
- » Understand how identity is formed and their own personal and cultural identity.
- » Deliver an oral presentation that describes an item from home and how it helps them understand their own cultural identity.

Learning Sequence

Activating and Engaging

Non-linear

Warm up the class with a balloon activity. Throw a balloon around the room and ask students to say a word or phrase that comes to mind in relation to the word identity. Prompt students with questions and wait for responses:

- » What is identity?
- » What is identity made up of?
- » Where does identity come from?
- » What kinds of identity are there?

Exploring and Discovering

Symbols and Images

Ask students to draw a mind map to explore their own identity. For example:

- » What are their roles at home, at school and in the community?
- » What kinds of characteristics do they have when they are in those roles?

Ask them to place these next to the roles on the mind map. Then ask them to think about cultural identity. Brainstorm ideas and write them on the board.

» Where do they think cultural identity comes from?

Community Links

Ask students to think about the following questions before including their cultural identity on their mind map.

- » Where were you born?
- » Your parents born?
- » Your grandparents born?
- » Do you speak other languages at home?
- » What kind of food do you eat?
- » What music do you listen too?
- » Do you have any traditional celebrations or significant events?
- » What type of regular outings do you go on with your family?
- » What kind of clothes do you wear?

Story Sharing

Once students have explored aspects of their cultural identity ask them to think of an item from home that helps them understand their own culture and give a two minute presentation to the rest of the class in which they:

- » Describe the item
- » Explain how and why it helps them to understand their cultural identity
- » Students can bring their item in for presentation in the next lesson

Synthesising and Applying

Story Sharing

View the clips from the 'Living Cultures – Fibres' section of The Orb.

Deconstruct-Reconstruct

Introduce the poem Always Full Never Empty written by Verna Nichols, enclosed in the resource section of this document. Hand out copies to each students and read it aloud to the class – modelled reading. Ask students to read it to themselves a few times before individually recording their first impressions such as:

- » It reminds me of...
- » I am not sure about...
- » I am puzzled by...
- » I think it might mean...
- » The poet seems to be trying to...
- » A word/line that strikes me is...because...
- » I like (or dislike) the poem because...
- » This poem made me feel...

Ask students to share their answers with the class via a discussion. Have students form groups of 3 or 4 and create their own questions to be answered as a group. Generate a short class discussion on what kinds of questions they might like to ask.

- » What is this poem about?
- » What are the main themes presented?
- » What does 'your basket is full' mean?
- » What does this say about identity and connection?
- » What do you think the author's views are?
- » What does the author mean when she writes 'will someone hear my basket whisper my story?'

Ask groups to share their questions and answers. Build on these by redirecting and clarifying to further add value and encourage higher order thinking. Ensure students have identified how texts can reflect an author's point of view and beliefs and how they can evoke emotion and develop themes and that Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islanders peoples have a deep connection to country/place.

Success Criteria

Learners:

- » Explore their own identity and create a mind map.
- » Present an item from their home and explain how this item links to their cultural identity.
- » Identify the themes and the author's point of view in a poem.

Resources

- » The Orb
- » Australian Curriculum
- » Aboriginal Sharers of Knowledge (ASK Program) Guidelines
- » Aboriginal Sharers of Knowledge (ASK Program) Application Form
- » The Aboriginal Education Library: email <u>Aboriginal education.library@education.tas.gov.au</u> or telephone 03 6165 5480 for more resources, including the ones listed below.
- » The Eight-Way Framework of Aboriginal Pedagogy
- » Example of a mind map
- » TMAG tayenebe resource
- » Handouts of the poem Always full never empty
- » tayenebe website

Glossary

Identity

The characteristics determining who or what a person or thing is. •

Connection

A relationship in which a person or thing is linked or associated with something else.

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Oxford Online Dictionary

Always full never empty

What stories can you tell us? Empty basket is all some see If you could talk, what's that you say? You are filled with laughter, hopes, Sadness, tears your makers thoughts Your fibres have been shaped by hands Loving hands that have caressed Callused hands through hard work Hands that softly stroked a baby's back Hands outstretched to get it back Arms that ache to hold your people A hundred years have passed I hear your story whispered to me I am listening Your basket is full I smile and nod in acknowledgement Yes I understand In years to come Will someone hear My basket whisper my story?

Verna Nichols 2009



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